

# getting started with Fauxchét

and the easyloop® yarn tool



by Vermont Innovative Needlecrafts getting started

What You Will Need

1. easyloop® fauxchet® Tool 2. Yarn



Yarns That Work

Worsted Weight

Bulky Weight

3. Tape Measure 4. Scissors



Tip: Always test yarn before starting a project to be sure yarn passes easily through needle eye.

#### step 1: threading the tool

Threading the Tool



Tip: Pull yarn from the center of skein and keep plenty of slack yarn while stitching. controlling tension

Controlling Fauxchet Tension and Gauge

It's important to understand how to control your tension with the fauxchet® tool.

The tension controls the size of the stitch you are making and is controlled by how far you push the needle into the loops and how far you pull back the needle out of the loops while stitching.

Unless indicated otherwise in the pattern you are using, there is a recommended tension for most stitches when working from an easyloop® fauxchet® pattern.

#### TENSION FOR WORSTED WEIGHT YARN:

Pull needle back 1 INCH and push needle through loop 1 INCH

(1 INCH is TWO THIRDS OF THE WAY to the handle). TENSION FOR BULKY WEIGHT YARN:

Pull needle back 1 1/2 INCHES and push needle through loop

1 1/2 INCHES (1 1/2 INCHES is ALL THE WAY to the handle). TENSION FOR DOUBLE STRAND WORSTED YARN:

Pull needle back 1 1/2 INCHES and push needle through loop

1 1/2 INCHES (1 1/2 INCHES is ALL THE WAY to the handle). MAKING A GAUGE SWATCH:

Work several inches of at least 2 pattern repeats (or a 4 inch x 4 inch swatch). Measure how many stitches and rows you have made in a 4 inch area (in the center of the swatch). If your measurements are smaller than required, make another swatch using a larger tension setting (pushing needle farther into the loop and pulling needle back farther out of the loop).

If your measurements are larger than required, make another swatch using a smaller tension setting (pushing the needle into the loop a shorter length and pulling needle back a shorter length).



crochet to fauxchét conversion chart



HOW TO USE THIS CHART: By using the following conversion chart it's easy to use many beginner crochet patterns using the fauxchet® stitching method.

#### FAUXCHET@ STITCH

CHAIN STITCH

CROCHET STITCH

Use the **CHAIN STITCH** (as shown in the easyloop® fauxchet® instruction book) adjusting tension as recommended for the weight of yarn you're using.

Tension for WORSTED WEIGHT YARN: Pull needle back 1 INCH and push needle into loop 1 INCH.

Tension for BULKY YARN: Pull needle back 1 1/2 INCHES and push needle into loop 1 1/2 INCHES.

SLIP STITCH Use the SLIP STITCH (as shown in the easyloop® instruction book) adjusting tension as recommended for the weight of yarn you're using.

Tension for WORSTED WEIGHT YARN: Pull needle back 1 INCH and push needle into loop 1 INCH.

Tension for BULKY YARN: Pull needle back 1 1/2 INCHES and push needle into loop 1 1/2 INCHES.

SINGLE CROCHET

Work SINGLE CROCHET as SINGLE FAUXCHET® (as shown in the easyloop® fauxchet® instruction book) adjusting tension as recommended for the weight of yarn you're using. (SINGLE FAUXCHET® is worked from the WRONG SIDE of the fabric.) Tension for WORSTED WEIGHT YARN: Pull needle back 1 INCH and push needle into loop 1 INCH.

Tension for BULKY WEIGHT YARN: Pull needle back 1 1/2 INCHES and push needle into loop 1 1/2 INCHES.

#### HOLDING THE TOOL

Hold the tool like a pencil, with your thumb holding the underside of the handle and your index finger on the top side of the handle.

#### MAINTAINING TENSION

Maintain slight tension on the yarn running to the needle eye with index and middle finger.

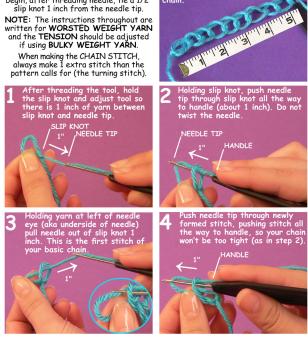


Chain Stitch

CHAIN STITCH The Chain Stitch is the foundation row of all the other fauxchet® stitches. To begin, after threading needle, tie a 1/2" slip knot 1 inch from the needle tip.

NOTE: The instructions throughout are written for WORSTED WEIGHT YARN and the TENSION should be adjusted if using BULKY WEIGHT YARN.

When making the CHAIN STITCH, always make 1 extra stitch than the pattern calls for (the turning stitch).



Some patterns will begin

with a certain number of

chain

chain stitches and some will

call for a certain length of

Tip: If tool does not pull back easily out of the stitch, needle has become twisted.

### step 2: chain stitch



Holding loop, pull needle out of newly formed stitch (pull back 1 inch) as in step 3. This is the <u>second s</u>titch of your basic chain

Pull needle back 1 inch, as in step 5. This is the third stitch of your basic chain (do your best to make the stitches consistent in size).

Turn your work so the tool is on your left and the chain is on the right. Be careful to not twist the chain.

Push needle tip through newly formed stitch, pushing stitch all the way up to handle as in step 4 

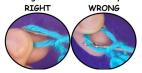


Continue until chain reaches 8 desired length (as called for in pattern) plus 1 more chain stitch (this is called the turning stitch). 22222

STITCH

IMPORTANT TIP

When grasping the yarn at the left of the needle eye (the underside) if needle does not pull back easily, needle has become twisted and yarn is at the wrong side of the needle eye.



Tip: Always work on your lap to keep your stitching stable.

step 3: slip stitch

Slip Stitch

SLIP STITCH

The slip stitch always begins with 1 row of the chain stitch plus 1 turning stitch.

NOTE: The instructions throughout are written for WORSTED WEIGHT YARN and the TENSION should be adjusted if using BULKY WEIGHT YARN.

To make a small sample swatch of the SLIP STITCH, begin with a 10 stitch chain (plus 1 turning stitch).



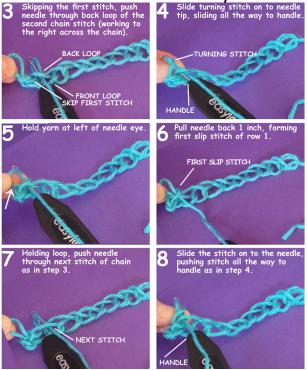
Each stitch has a front loop and a back loop. For the slip stitch the needle is inserted through the back loop only of the stitch.



Tip: Practice the rhythm of your stitching for speed and efficiency.

#### step 3: slip stitch





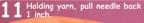
Tip: Practice trying to make consistent sized stitches while making your chain.

# step 3: slip stitch

Slip Stitch







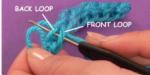




12 Push needle through the last stitch of row 1 (this is called the turning stitch).

TIP: Be careful not to make the turning stitch too loose so your edges will be neat

DOUBLE SLIP STITCH is a variation of the SLIP STITCH that works well as a ribbing. For this stitch the needle is inserted into the front and back loops of the stitch.



Tip: Set your stitches up by having your left hand ready to grasp the loops when the tool is inserted.

### easy scarf pattern





FINISHED SIZE: One size (4" X 52")

YARN: 6 oz. worsted weight yarn in color of your choice.

TOOL TENSION: Using the easyloop® tool, PULL NEEDLE BACK 1 inch and PUSH NEEDLE INTO LOOP 1 inch.

GAUGE: 12 sts and 8 rows = 4 inches

STITCHES USED: SLIP STITCH (push tool through BACK LOOP ONLY).

FOUNDATION CHAIN: Chain 20 plus 1 turning stitch. Turn work.

ROW 1: Slip stitch across row, making 1 turning stitch at the end of row. Turn work.

ROWS 2-92: Slip stitch across rows, making 1 turning stitch at the end of each row. Turn work after each completed row.

ROW 93: Slip stitch across row loosely.

At the end of row 93, end work by fastening off with 1 extra chain stitch into the last stitch.

FINISHING: Cut yarn, weave ends in. 💠

NOTE: Make a variation by using the DOUBLE SLIP STITCH for a ribbed look.



Tip: Gauge isn't critical when making a scarf. It's fine if your scarf is wider or longer than the pattern.

Single Fauxchets Stitch

#### SINGLE FAUXCHET® STITCH

The single fauxchet<sup>®</sup> stitch always begins with 1 row of chain stitch, 1 row of slip stitch (plus 1 turning stitch).

NOTE: The instructions throughout are written for WORSTED WEIGHT YARN and the TENSION should be adjusted if using BULKY WEIGHT YARN.

To make a small sample swatch of the SINGLE FAUXCHET® STITCH chain 10 stitches (plus 1 turning stitch).







Each stitch has a front loop and a back loop. For the single fauxchet® stitch the needle is inserted through both the front and back loops of the stitch.

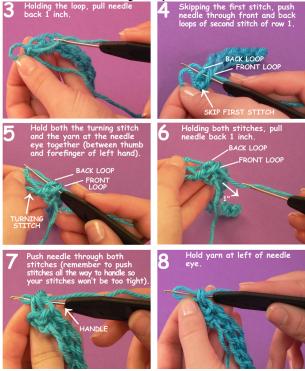


 Beginning with 1 row of chain
stitch, 1 row of slip stitch and work turned, grasp yarn at left of needle eye.



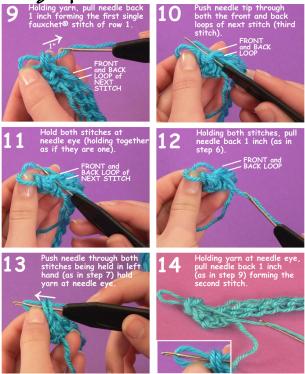
Tip: Don't worry if you twist your stitches when holding 2 loops of yarn together, it's fine if you do.





Tip: When holding 2 loops of yarn together to create a stitch, try to treat them as one single loop.

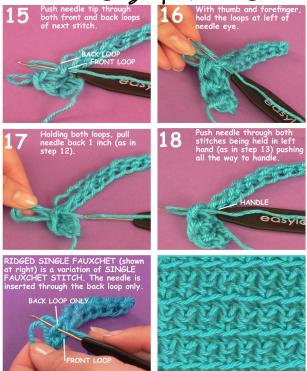




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Tip: Working with yarn is relaxing and is a great way to relieve stress at the end of the day.

Single Fauxchets Stitch



Tip: Don't worry if your stitches aren't perfect, the beauty of handmade are the imperfections.

# cozy scarf

BEGINNER



FINISHED SIZE: One size (4" X 54"

YARN: 6 oz. bulky weight yarn in color of choice.

TOOL TENSION: Using the easyloop® tool, PULL NEEDLE BACK 1 1/2 inches and PUSH NEEDLE INTO LOOP 1 1/2 inches.

GAUGE: 10 sts and 7 rows = 4 inches

STITCHES USED: SINGLE FAUXCHET® (push tool through BOTH FRONT and BACK LOOPS), turning work at the end of each row.

FOUNDATION CHAIN: With yarn, chain 10 plus 1 turning stitch. Turn work.

ROW 1: Slip stitch across row, making 1 turning stitch at the end of row. Turn work.

ROWS 2-100: Single fauxchet® across each row, making 1 turning stitch at the end of each row before turning work.

ROW 101: Double slip stitch across row.

At the end of row 101, end work by fastening off with 1 extra chain stitch into the last stitch.



#### FINISHING

spaced positions. 🐟

Cut yarn and weave loose ends in. FRINGE: Cut four 10" strands of yarn and attach along the bottom of both short ends of the scarf, in 5 equally

NOTE: Make a variation by using RIDGED SINGLE FAUXCHET® STITCH.

Visit our website link below to see the color digital version of this booklet.

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